

Useful Parameters and Conversions

\day, \month, \year the current day, month, year
 \jobname name of current job
 \romannumeral<number> convert to lower case roman nums.
 \uppercase{<token list>} convert to upper case
 \lowercase{<token list>} convert to lower case

Fills, Leaders and Ellipses

Text or Math: ... \dots
 Math: ... \ldots \cdots \vdots \ddots

The following fill space with the indicated item.

\hrulefill \rightarrowfill \leftarrowfill \dotfill

The general format for constructing leaders is

\leaders<box or rule>\hskip<glue> repeat box or rule
 \leaders<box or rule>\hfill fill space with box or rule

TeX Fonts and Magnification

\rm Roman \bf Bold \tt Typewriter
 \sl Slant \it Italic \v/ "italic correction"
 \magnification=<number> scale document by $n/1000$
 \magstep<number> scaling factor of $1.2^n \times 1000$
 \magstephalf scaling factor of $\sqrt{1.2}$
 \font\FN=<fontname> load a font, naming it \FN
 \font\FN=<fontname> at <dimen> load font scaled to dimension
 \font\FN=<fontname> scaled <number> load font scaled by $n/1000$
 true <dimen> dimension with no scaling

Alignment Displays

\settabs<number>\columns
 \settabs+<sample line>\cr
 +<text₁>&<text₂>&...<cr>
 \halign horizontal alignment
 \halign to<dimen> horizontal alignment
 \openup<dimen> add space between lines
 \noalign{<vmode material>} insert material after any \cr
 \tabskip=<glue> set glue at tab stops
 \omit omit the template for a column
 \span span two columns
 \multispan<number> span several columns
 \hidewidth ignore the width of an entry
 \crrc insert \cr if one is not present

Boxes

\hbox to<dimen> hbox of given dimension
 \vbox to<dimen> vbox, bottom justified
 \vtop to<dimen> vbox, top justified
 \vcenter to<dimen> vbox, center justified (math only)
 \rlap right overlap material
 \llap left overlap material

Overfull Boxes

\hfuzz allowable excess in hboxes
 \vfuzz allowable excess in vboxes
 \overfullrule width of overfull box marker. To eliminate entirely, set \overfullrule=0pt.

Indentation and Itemized Lists

\indent indent
 \noindent do not indent
 \parindent=<dimen> set indentation of paragraphs
 \displayindent=<dimen> set indentation of math displays
 \leftskip=<dimen> skip space on left
 \rightskip=<dimen> skip space on right
 \narrower make paragraph narrower
 \item{<label>} singly indented itemized list
 \itemitem{<label>} doubly indented itemized list
 \hangindent=<dimen> hanging indentation for paragraph
 \hangafter=<number> start hanging indent after line n .
 If $n < 0$, indent first $|n|$ lines.
 \parshape=<number> general paragraph shaping macro

Headers, Footers, and Page Numbers

\nopagenumbers turn off page numbering
 \pageno current page number. To get roman nums,
 set \pageno=<negative number>
 \folio current page number, roman num if < 0
 \footline material to put at foot of page
 \headline material to put at top of page. To leave
 space, set \voffset=2\baselineskip, make
 room with \advance\vsize by-\voffset.

Macro Definitions

\def\cs{<replacement text>} define the macro \cs
 \def\cs#1...#n{<repl. text>} macro with parameters
 \let\cs=<token> give \cs token's current meaning
 Advanced Macro Definition Commands
 \long\def macro whose args may include \par
 \outer\def macro not allowed inside definitions
 \global\def or \gdef definition that transcends grouping
 \edef expand while defining macro
 \xdef or \global\edef global version of \edef
 \noexpand<token> do not expand token
 \expandafter<token> expand item after token first
 \futurelet\cs{(tok₁)<(tok₂)} equals \let\cs=(tok₂)(tok₁)/<(tok₂)>
 \csname...\endcsname create a control sequence name
 \string\cs list characters in name, \c s
 \number<number> list of characters in number
 \the<internal quantity> list of tokens giving value of quantity

Conditionals

The general format of a conditional is

\if<condition>\true text\else<false text>\fi
 \ifnum<num₁> relation <num₂> compare two integers
 \ifdim<dimen₁> relation <dimen₂> compare two dimensions
 \ifodd<num> test for an odd integer
 \ifmmode test for math mode
 \if(token₁)<(token₂) test if character codes agree
 \ifdim test compare two dimensions
 \ifx<token₁)<(token₂) test if tokens agree
 \ifeof<number> test for end of file
 \iftrue, \iffalse always true, always false
 \ifcase<number><text₀)\or<text₁)\or...<text_n)\else<text>\fi choose text by <number>
 \loop \if... \repeat loop $\alpha\beta\alpha\dots\alpha$ until \if is false
 \newif\ifblob create a new conditional called \ifblob
 \blobtrue, \blobfalse set conditional \ifblob true, false

Dimensions, Spacing, and Glue

Dimensions are specified as <number><unit of measure>. Glue is specified as <dimen> plus<dimen> minus<dimen>.

point	pt	pica	pc	inch	in	centimeter	cm
m width	em	x height	ex	math unit	mu	millimeter	mm
1 pc = 12 pt				1 in = 72.72 pt	2.54 cm = 1 in	18 mu = 1 em	

Horizontal Spacing: \quad (skip 1em) \qquad (skip 2em)

Horizontal Spacing (Text): \thinspace \enspace \enskip

\hskip<glue> \hfil \hfill \hfilneg

Horizontal Spacing (Math): thin space \, , medium space \>, thick space \; ; neg. thin space \! , \mskip/muglue

Vertical Spacing: \vskip<glue> \vfil \vfill

\strut	box w/ ht and depth of "(", zero width
\phantom{<text>}	invisible box with dim of <text>
\vphantom{<text>}	box w/ ht & depth of <text>, zero width
\hphantom{<text>}	box w/ width of <text>, zero ht & depth
\smash{<text>}	typeset <text>, set ht & depth to zero
\raise{<dimen>}\hbox{<text>}	raise box up
\lower{<dimen>}\hbox{<text>}	lower box down
\moveleft{<dimen>}\vbox{<text>}	move box left
\moveright{<dimen>}\vbox{<text>}	move box right

Skip Space Between Lines: \smallskip \medskip \bigskip
 encourage a break \smallbreak \medbreak \bigbreak
 break if no room \filbreak

Set Line Spacing:
 single space \baselineskip = <glue>
 1 1/2 space \baselineskip = 12pt
 double space \baselineskip = 18pt
 \baselineskip = 24pt

Increase Line Spacing
 use \jot's \openup<dimen>
 Allow Unjustified Lines 1\jot = 3pt
 Allow Unjustified Pages \raggedright
 \raggedbottom

Braces and Matrices

\matrix	rectangular array of entries
\pmatrix	matrix with parentheses
\bordermatrix	matrix with labels on top and left
\overbrace	overbrace, may be superscripted
\underbrace	underbrace, may be subscripted

For small matrices in text, use the following constructions:

\{a\}, b \choose c\, d	($a\, b$)
\left(\{a\atop c\} \{b\atop d\} \right)	($c\, d$)

Displayed Equations

\eqno	equation number at right
\leqno	equation number at left
\qalign	display several aligned equations
\qalignno	display aligned equations numbered at right
\qalignlno	display aligned equations numbered at left
\displaylines	display several equations, centered
\cases	case by case definitions
\noalign	to insert space between lines in displays, use \noalign{\vskip<glue>} after any \cr
\openup<dimen>	add space between all lines in a display

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